



# Insurance products for lowincome markets

MI product design & distribution – global perspectives & trends

Zambia microinsurance innovation seminar, 17 May 2011 Christine Hougaard

## Why an innovation seminar?



What is innovation?

...the creation and implementation of new processes, products, services and methods of delivery, which result in significant improvements in outcomes, efficiency, effectiveness or quality\*.

Technically, 'innovation' is defined merely as 'introducing something new'; there are no qualifiers of how ground-breaking or world-shattering that something needs to be—only that it needs to be better than what was there before.\*\*

Why do we need innovation for MI?



<sup>\*</sup> innovationunit.wordpress.com/2009/08/19/171/

<sup>\*\*</sup> www.businessweek.com/innovate/content/jan2006/id20060131 916627.htm

### Business as usual that's not business as usual



### Insurance

### accessible to

the low-income market

#### Insurance with a different bottom line

Cost minimisation, scale, rethinking of distribution



### **Design implications**



- Product innovation
  - Affordability
    - How low can you go?
  - Suitable features for target market, e.g.:
    - Benefits tailored to low premiums, with innovative product combinations
    - Generally renewable policies with group pricing rather than individual/medical underwriting
    - Limited exclusions, focus on simplicity
  - Typical types :
    - Term life (especially funeral), credit life
    - Personal accident death/disability
    - Hospital/dread disease cash
    - Simple asset, e.g. extended warranties, cell phone, fire trigger
    - Indemnity health & asset more tricky, as is agriculture unless weather index



### **Distribution implications**



- Distribution innovation:
  - Physical accessibility
    - Where can I buy the policy? Where can I pay premiums and submit claims? Is it convenient to me?
  - Efficient premium collection and claims handling to minimise cost
  - Alternative distribution channels, role of aggregators



### **Emerging international best practice**



#### 1) Organizational development

- Dedicated MI resources "MI is my whole job"
- Special targets, incentives recognise that MI is different, may take time
- Solutions to overcome institutional inertia

#### 2) Partnerships and distribution

- Looking beyond just agents and brokers
- Designing mutually beneficial partnerships with alternative distribution channels
- Actively managing the relationship

### 3) Business model

- Patience, a long horizon for expecting results
- Realistic projections regarding uptake and renewals
- Realising that corporate overhead costs may be different



# Emerging international best practice (2)



#### 4) Product design

- Dedicated product design not just normal insurance with a smaller sum assured
- Market research to know target market's needs and preferences
- Strive for simplicity, limit complications and exclusions
- Premiums that are in line with income realities of target market
- Making the intangible tangible

#### 5) Consumer education and sales

- Mandatory products explained
- Marketing incorporates education
- Proper training and incentives for sales staff
- Giving renewals the same priority as new sales

#### 6) Claims

- Public relations backup for rejected claims
- Prompt claims payment



# **Case study presentations**



- Life
- Health
- Agriculture





Technical session: health & life



# Microinsurance product cycle



Product (development)

Claims processing

Sales

Servicing

Premium collection

